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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/509,501	09/28/2004	Eric Hanse	1396 US/PCT	4020
75	7590 12/12/2006		EXAMINER	
Robert S Klemz Jr			LIN, ING HOUR	
Vesuvius 4604 Campbells Run Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Pittsburgh, PA 15205			1725	
			DATE MAILED. 12/12/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/509,501	HANSE ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Ing-Hour Lin	1725					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address					
Period for Reply	VIC CET TO EVDIDE 2 MONTH	(S) OB THIRTY (30) DAYS					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e. cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 C	October 2006.						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	·						
• •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
)⊠ Claim(s) <i>lಠ-17 and 19-21</i> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) i<u>0-17 and 19-21</u> is/are rejected .	•						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	•						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documen							
2. Certified copies of the priority documen		•					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	•	ed in this National Stage					
application from the International Burea	•						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies flot receiv	ea.					
Attachment(s)	A) 🗀	W (DTO 412)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal	Patent Application					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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4. Claims 10-17 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Rancoulle.

Rancoulle (col. 2, lines 37+) teaches the claimed pouring shroud (pouring nozzle) for casting a liquid metal such as a molten steel, comprising a base body made of a refractory material such as graphitized alumina having interior bore surface coated by dipping the pouring shroud (pouring nozzle) into a slurry to obtain an insulative coating layer having thickness of 1 to 6 mm. After an appropriate drying time, fourteen coated pouring shrouds (pouring nozzles) are subjected to a cold casting start-up (no preheat) and all survive with no indication of damage due to thermal shock. There is no observable build-up of frozen metal within the internal diameter of any of these fourteen test pieces. No external oxidation of the carbon in the alumina graphite nozzle body is evident in any of the test pieces such that the insulative coating layer also serves as a gas impermeable layer at the metal liquid contact during the cold casting startup (no preheat), wherein the coating is prepared as a slurry and slip comprising (by weight %) (a) fused silica grain (30-85%) including vitreous and atomized grains obtained by an atomized process; (b) ceramic fibers such as alumina-silica fiber (0-10%), which can be substituted by insulating hollow micro-sphere such as commercially available alumina bubbles and zirconia bubbles for the purpose of improving strength of the green coating and thermal and impermeable insulation due to the trapped air spaces contained within their hollow shells; (c) frits (0-40%) for forming glass phase and enhancing air or oxygen impermeability through the coating; and (d) water (15-30%).

Regarding claim 16, Rancoulle fails to teach the use of interpenetration between the coating layer and the refractory material of the base body. However, the use of penetration

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would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art in order to improve the adhesion or bonding interlocking between the coating layer and the refractory material of the base body.

5. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rancoulle in view of Muroi et al and further in view of Brandy.

Rancoulle fails to teach the coating step including the use of drying the slip at room temperature for at least two hours. However, Muroi et al (col. 3, lines 2+) teach the use of removing crystal water in coating composition including roseki for the purpose of preventing crack of coated casting nozzle caused by water vapor expanded by molten metal if any residual crystal water was left. Brandy (col. 2, lines 2+) teaches the use drying the slip at room temperature for at least two hours, for the purpose of drying slip water in the insulating coating material including 5-40 wt % insulating hollow microspheres of silica and alumina so that no water was left in the coated layer. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide Rancoulle the use of drying the slip at room temperature for at least two hours as taught by Muroi et al and Brandy in order to effectively remove the slip water and prevent coating layer and nozzle cracking caused by water vapor expanded by molten metal if any residual slip water was left in the microspheres.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 10-17 and 19-21 and an affidavit filed on 10/2/06 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ing-Hour Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1180. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:00-5:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Pat Ryan can be reached on (571) 272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

1 HX

I.-H. Lin

12/08/06

KEVIN KERNS Kerin Yerre 12/9/06